COURSE STRUCTURE CLASS XI (2022-23)

One-Theory Paper

80Marks 3 Hours

S.NO	THEMES	No. of Periods	Marks
1.	Introduction to World History	10	
	Section A: Early Societies		
2.	Introduction	5	
3.	Writing and City Life	20	10
	Section B: Empires		
4.	Introduction	5	
5.	An empire across three continents	20	10
6.	Nomadic Empires	20	10
	Section C: Changing Traditions		
	Introduction	5	
7.	The Three Orders	20	10
8.	Changing Cultural Traditions	20	10
Section	on D: Paths to Modernization		
9.	Introduction	5	
10.	Displacing Indigenous People	20	10
11.	Paths To Modernization	20	15
12.	MAP WORK OF THE RELATED THEMES	15	5
	Total		80
	Project work	25	20
	Total	210	100 Marks

CLASS-XI: THEMES IN WORL	DHISTORY	
---------------------------------	----------	--

TUEMES LEADNING LEADNING OUTCOMES				
THEMES	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	LEARNING OUTCOMES		
Writing and City Life Focus: Iraq, 3 rd millennium BCE a) Growth of towns b) Nature of early urban societies c) Historians' Debate on uses of writing	 Familiarize the learner with the nature of early urban Centre's. Discuss whether writing is significant as a marker of civilization. 	 At the completion of this unit students will be able to: Compare and analyze the transformation from Neolithic to Bronze Age Civilization in order to understand the myriad spheres of human development. Elucidate the interwoven social and cultural aspects of civilization in order to understand the connection between city life and culture of contemporary civilizations. Analyze the outcomes of a sustained tradition of writing. 		
An Empire across Three Continents Focus: Roman Empire, 27 BCE to 600 CE a) Political evolution b) Economic Expansion c) Religion-culture foundation d) Late Antiquity e) Historians' view on the Institution of Slavery	 Familiarize the learner with the history of a major world empire Discuss whether slavery was a significant element in the economy. 	At the completion of this unit students will be able to: • Explain and relate the dynamics of the Roman Empire in order to understand their polity, economy, society and culture. • Analyze the implications of Roman's contacts with the subcontinent Empires • Examine the domains of cultural transformation in that period		
NOMADIC EMPIRES Focus: The Mongol, 13 th to 14 th century a) The nature of nomadism b) Formation of empires c) Conquests and relations with other states d) Historians' views on nomadic societies and state formation	 Familiarize the learner with the varieties of nomadic society and their institutions. Discuss whether state formation is possible in nomadic societies. 	 At the completion of this unit students will be able to: Identify the living patterns of nomadic pastoralist society. Trace the rise and growth of Genghis Khan in order to understand him as an oceanic ruler. Analyze socio-political and economic changes during the period of the descendants of Genghis Khan. 		

Distinguish between the Mongolian people's perspective and the world's opinion about Genghis Khan. At the completion of this unit students will The Three Orders. Familiarize the Focus: Western Europe 13thlearner with the be able to: 16th century nature of the a) Feudal society and economy and Explain the myriad aspects of economy feudalism with special reference to first, society of this b) Formation of state second, third and fourth order of the period and the c) Church and society changes within society. d) Historians' views on them. Relate between ancient slavery and decline of feudalism Show how the Assess the 14th century crisis and debate on the rise of the nation states. decline of feudalism helps in understanding processes of transition. **Changing Cultural** At the completion of this unit students will **Traditions** Explore the be able to Focus: Europe 14th-17th intellectual trends Analyze the causes, events, and effects of the Renaissance. century in the period. a) New ideas and new Reformation, Scientific Revolution, and Familiarize trends in literature and students with the Age of Exploration. Relate the different facets of Italian arts paintings and buildings of the b) Relationship with cities to understand the earlier ideas period. characteristics of Renaissance c) The contribution of Introduce the Humanism and Realism. debate around the West Asia Compare and contrast the condition d) Historians' viewpoint idea of of women in the Renaissance on the validity of the 'Renaissance'. period. notion 'European Recognize major influences on the Renaissance architectural, artistic, and literary developments in order to understand the facades of Renaissance. Critical analysis of the Roman Catholic Church by Martin Luther and Erasmus and their impact on later reforms. Evaluate the Roman Catholic Church's response to the Protestant

Reformation in the forms of the Counter and Catholic Reformations

Displacing Indigenous People Focus: North America and Australia, 18th to 20th century a) European colonists in North America and Australia b) Formation of White Settler societies c) Displacement and repression of local people d) Historians' viewpoint on the impact of European settlement on indigenous population	 Sensitize students to the processes of displacements that accompanied the development of America and Australia. Understand the implications of such processes for the displaced populations. 	 At the completion of this unit students will be able to Recount some aspects of the history of the native people of America to understand their condition. To analyze the realms of settlement of Europeans in Australia and America. Compare and contrast the lives and roles of indigenous people in these continents
Paths to Modernization Focus: East Asia, late 19th to 20th century a) Militarization and economic growth in Japan b) China and the communist alternative c) Historians' Debate on the meaning of modernization (NOTE- Keeping in view the importance of the themes i.e. Japan, China and Korea; it is advised that all must be taught in the schools)	 Make students aware that transformation in the modern world takes many different forms. Show how notions like 'modernization' need to be critically assessed. 	 At the completion of this unit students will be able to Deduce the histories of China and Japan from the phase of imperialism to modernization Explore the Japanese political, cultural and economic system prior to and after the Meiji Restoration. Analyze the domains of Japanese nationalism prior and after the Second World War. Summarize the nationalist upsurge in China from Dr Sun Yet Sen to Mao Ze Dong to understand the era of communism. To analyze the Chinese path to modernization under Deng Xio Ping and Zhou en Lai in order to

Map Work on The Related

Themes

understand the transformation from rigid communism to liberal socialism.

HISTORY -027 Class XI & XII (2022-23) Project work

PROJECT WORK MM-20

INTRODUCTION

History is one of the most important disciplines in school education. It is the study of the past, which helps us to understand our present and shape our future. It promotes the acquisition and understanding of historical knowledge in breath and in depth across cultures.

The course of history in senior secondary classes is to enable students to know that history is a critical discipline, a process of enquiry, a way of knowing about the past rather than just a collection of facts. The syllabus helps them to understand the process, through which a historian collects, chooses, scrutinizes and assembles different types of evidence to write history.

The syllabus in class-XI is organized around some major themes in world history. In class XII the focus shifts to a detailed study of some themes in ancient, medieval, and modern Indian history.

CBSE has decided to introduce project work in history for classes XI and XII in 2013-14 as a part of regular studies in classroom, as project work gives students an opportunity to develop higher cognitive skills. It takes students to a life beyond text books and provides them a platform to refer materials, gather information, analyze it further to obtain relevant information and decide what matter to keep and hence understand how history is constructed.

OBJECTIVES

Project work will help students:

- To develop skill to gather data from a variety of sources, investigate diverse viewpoints and arrive at logical deductions.
- To develop skill to comprehend, analyze, interpret, evaluate historical evidence, and understand the limitation of historical evidence.
- To develop 21st century managerial skills of co-ordination, self-direction, and time management.
- To learn to work on diverse cultures, races, religions, and lifestyles.
- To learn through constructivism-a theory based on observation and scientific study.
- To inculcate a spirit of inquiry and research.
- To communicate data in the most appropriate form using a variety of techniques.
- To provide greater opportunity for interaction and exploration.
- To understand contemporary issues in context to our past.
- To develop a global perspective and an international outlook.
- To grow into caring, sensitive individuals capable of making informed, intelligent, and independent choices.
- To develop lasting interest in history discipline.

GUIDELINES TO TEACHERS

This section provides some basic guidelines for the teachers to take up projects in History. It is very necessary to interact, support, guide, facilitate and encourage students while assigning projects to them.

- The teachers must ensure that the project work assigned to the students individually/ In-groups and discussed at different stages right from assigning topic, draft review to finalization.
- Students should be facilitated in terms of providing relevant materials, suggesting websites, obtaining of required permission for archives, historical sites, etc.
- The Project Work should be suitably spaced from April to November in classes XI and XII so that students can prepare for Final Examination.
- The teachers must ensure that the students submit original work.
- Project report should be **Handwritten** only. (Eco-friendly materials can be used by students)

The following steps are suggested:

- 1) Teacher should design and prepare a list of 15-20 projects and should give an option to a student to choose a project as per his/her interest.
- 2) The project must be done individually / In-groups.
- 3) The topic should be assigned after discussion with the students in the class to avoid repetition and should then be discussed at every stage of submission of the draft/final project work.
- 4) The teacher should play the role of a facilitator and should closely supervise the process of project completion, and should guide the children by providing necessary inputs, resources etc. to enrich the subject content.
- 5) The Project Work needs to enhance cognitive, affective, and psychomotor domains in the learners. It will include self-assessment and peer assessment, and progress of the child in project-based and inquiry-based learning. Art integrated **Activities**, experiments, models, quizzes, role plays, group work, portfolios, etc., along with teacher assessment. (NEP-2020) The Project work can culminate in the form of Power Point Presentation/Exhibition/Skit/albums/files/song and dance or culture show /story telling/debate/panel discussion, paper presentation and whichever is suitable to visually impaired candidates.
- 6) Students can use primary sources available in city archives, Primary sources can also include newspaper cuttings, photographs, film footage and recorded written/speeches. Secondary sources may also be used after proper authentication.
- 7) Evaluation will be done by external examiner appointed by the Board in class XII and internal in class XI.

Note: The project reports are to be preserved by the school till the final results are declared, for scrutiny by CBSE.

FEW SUGGESTIVE TOPICS FOR CLASS XI PROJECTS

- 1) Facets of the Industrialization in sixteenth- eighteenth centuries.
- 2) Crusades: causes; rationale; events; outcomes; Holy Alliance
- 3) Ancient History in depth: Mesopotamia
- 4) Greek Philosophy and City States
- 5) Contributions of Roman Civilization

- 6) The spirit of Renaissance: Manifestation in art; Literature; Sculpture; Influence on Trading Community; Social Fabric; Philosophy; Political Values; Rational Thinking; Existentialism
- 7) Aspects of Development -South American States / Central American States
- 8) Different schools of thoughts- Realism: Humanism: Romanticism
- 9) Piecing together the past of Genghis Khan
- 10) Myriad Realms of Slavery in ancient, medieval, and modern world
- 11) History of Aborigines America / Australia
- 12) Facets of Modernization China / Japan/Korea

(Projects are an imperative component in enhancing students learning with the related themes. In the research project, students can go beyond the textbook and explore the world of knowledge. They can conceptualize under the embedded themes. Forms of rubrics are a significant aspect and to be discussed in the classroom itself for clear understanding of concept and for assessment.)

Note: Please refer Circular No. Acad.16/2013 dated 17.04.2013 for complete guidelines.

FEW SUGGESTIVE TOPICS FOR CLASS XII PROJECTS

- 1. The Indus Valley Civilization-Archeological Excavations and New Perspectives
- 2. The History and Legacy of Mauryan Empire
- 3. "Mahabharat"- The Great Epic of India
- 4. The History and Culture of the Vedic period
- 5. Buddha Charita
- 6. A Comprehensive History of Jainism
- 7. Bhakti Movement- Multiple interpretations and commentaries.
- 8. "The Mystical Dimensions of Sufism
- 9. Global legacy of Gandhian ideas
- 10. The Architectural Culture of the Vijayanagar Empire
- 11. Life of women in the Mughal rural society
- 12. Comparative Analysis of the Land Revenue Systems introduced by the Britishers in India
- 13. The Revolt of 1857- Causes; Planning & Coordination; Leadership, Vision of Unity
- 14. The Philosophy of Guru Nanak Dev
- 15. The Vision of Kabir
- 16. An insight into the Indian Constitution

(Projects are an imperative component in enhancing students learning with the related themes. In the research project, students can go beyond the textbook and explore the world of knowledge. They can conceptualize under the embedded themes. Forms of rubrics are a significant aspect and to be discussed in the classroom itself for clear understanding of concept & for assessment.)

Note: Please refer Circular No. Acad.16/2013 dated 17.04.2013 for complete guidelines

Note: Kindly refer to the guidelines on project work for classes XI and XII

given below: -

Guidelines for History Project Work: 20 Marks

One Project to be done throughout the session, as per the existing scheme.

1. Steps involved in the conduct of the project:

Students may work upon the following lines as a suggested flow chart: Choose a Title/Topic

Need of the Study, Objective of the Study

Hypothesis

Content -Timeline, Maps, Mind maps, Pictures, etc.

(Organization of Material/Data

↓

Present Material/Data)

↓

Analyzing the Material/Data for Conclusion

↓

Draw the Relevant Conclusion

↓

Bibliography

2. Expected Checklist for the Project Work:

- Introduction of topic/title
- Identifying the causes, events, consequences and/or remedies
- Various stakeholders and effect on each of them
- Advantages and disadvantages of situations or issues identified
- Short-term and long-term implications of strategies suggested during research
- Validity, reliability, appropriateness, and relevance of data used for research work and for presentation in the project file
- Presentation and writing that is succinct and coherent in project file
- Citation of the materials referred to, in the file in footnotes, resources section, bibliography etc.

3. Assessment of Project Work:

- Project Work has broadly the following phases: Synopsis/ Initiation, Data Collection, Data Analysis and Interpretation, Conclusion.
- The aspects of the project work to be covered by students can be assessed during the academic vear.
- 20 marks assigned for Project Work can be divided in the following manner:

PROJECT WORK: 20 Marks

The teacher will assess the progress of the project work in the following manner:

Month	Periodic Work	Assessment Rubrics	Marks
April -July	Instructions about Project Guidelines, Background reading Discussions on Theme and Selection of the Final Topic, Initiation/ Synopsis	Introduction, Statement of Purpose/Need and objectives of the study, Hypothesis/Research Question, Review of Literature, Presentation of Evidence, Methodology, Questionnaire, Data Collection.	6
August - October	Planning and organization: forming an action plan, feasibility, or baseline study, Updating/modifying the action plan, Data Collection	Significance and relevance of the topic; challenges encountered while conducting the research.	5
November - January	Content/data analysis and interpretation. Conclusion, Limitations, Suggestions, Bibliography, Annexures and overall presentation of the project.	Content analysis and its relevance in the current scenario. Conclusion, Limitations, Bibliography, Annexures and Overall Presentation.	5
January/ February	Final Assessment and VIVA by both Internal and External Examiners	External/ Internal Viva based on the project	4
		TOTAL	20

4. Viva-Voce

- At the end, each learner will present the research work in the Project File to the External and Internal examiner.
- The questions should be asked from the Research Work/ Project File of the learner.
- The Internal Examiner should ensure that the study submitted by the learner is his/her own original work.

In case of any doubt, authenticity should be checked and verified. *****